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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MEMORANDUM

To:

Susan Lewis, 21\ Benjamin Chambliss

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC

SUBSTANCES

Fungicide Herbicide Branch Registration Division

From:

Doug Urban, Acting Chief

Ecological Effects Branch

Environmental Fate and Effects Division

H7507C

Subject: Tebuconazole; review of studies

Mobay Corporation submitted a marine fish early life stage study and an invertebrate life cycle study in support of registration of Tebuconazole. The studies are the followings:

Scott Ward, G., 1991. Toxicity to Embryos and Larvae of the Sheepshead Minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) Under Flow-Through Test Conditions. MRID No. 420382-02

Sousa, J. V., 1991. (Folicur Technical) Chronic Toxicity to Mysid Shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) Under Flow-Through Conditions. MRID No. 420382-01.

The studies were reviewed and categorized by EEB as follows:

Guide. Ref. NO.	Species Tested	% A.I.	Study Type	Results	Classi ficati on	MRID No.
72-4(a)	Cyprinodon variegatus	97.5%	Fish Early Life Stage	MATC 21.9- 47.5 μg/L	Core	420382- 02
72-4 (b)	Mysidopsis bahia	97.5%	Chronic Inverte brate	MATC 35-61 μg/L	Core	420382- 01

The enclosed Data Evaluation Record provide details of the If you have any question please contact Concepción Rodríguez (308-2805) or Harry Craven (305-5320).

DP Barcode : D171265,

D171249, D171241, D171258, D171252, D171261, D171239, D171263

PC Code No : 128997 EEB Out : 6/12/92

3/13/92

To: Susan Lewis, 21\Benjamin Chabliss

Product Manager

Registration Division

From: Douglas J. Urban, Acting Chief

Ecological Effects Branch/EFED (H7507C)

Attached, please find the EEB review of ...

Reg./File # : 003125-GIE Lynx 1.2, 003125-GOE Raxil 0.26 F, 003125-GOU Folicur 3.6 F, 003125-GOG Raxil 2.6 F,003125-GII Elite 45 DF, 003125-GOI Lynx 2, 003125-GIG Folicur Technical, 003125-GOO

Lynx 25

Chemical Name : Terbuconazole

Type Product : Herbicide

Product Name : Folicur, Lynx, Raxil, Elite

Company Name : Mobay Corporation

Purpose : <u>Data Submission to Support Registration</u>

Action Code : 116 Date Due Reviewer : Concepción Rodríquez

EEB Guideline/MRID Summary Table: The review in this package contains an evaluation of the following:

GDLN NO	MRID NO	CAT	GDLN NO	MRID NO	CAT	GDLN NO	MRID NO	CAT
71-1(A)			72-2(A)			72-7(A)		
71-1(B)			72-2(B)			72-7(B)		
71-2(A)			72-3(A)			122-1(A)		
71-2(B)			72-3(B)			122-1(B)		
71-3			72-3(C)			122-2		
71-4(A)			72-3(D)			123-1(A)	4 1 1	
71-4(B)			72-3(E)			123-1(B)		
71-5(A)			72-3(F)			123-2		
71-5(B)			72-4(A)	420382-02	Υ	124-1		
72-1(A)			72-4(B)	420382-01	Υ	124-2		
72-1(B)			72-5			141-1		
72-1(C)			72-6			141-2		
72-1(D)						141-5		

Y=Acceptable (Study satisfied Guideline)/Concur P=Partial (Study partially fulfilled Guideline but 141-5

72-1(D)
Y=Acceptable (Study satisfied Guideline)/Concur
P=Partial (Study partially fulfilled Guideline but
additional information is needed
S=Supplemental (Study provided useful information but Guideline was not satisfied)
N=Unacceptable (Study was rejected)/Nonconcur

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

Folicur (Terbuconazole) CHEMICAL: 1.

Shaughnessey No. 128997

Folicur apha-C2, (4-Chlorophenyl) ethyl-alpha 2. TEST MATERIAL:

> -(1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-H-1, e, 4-triazole-1ethanol; Batch NOl 9-79-0001; CAS # 107534-96-3; White Powder; 97.5% active ingredient.

Invertebrate Life Cycle Study. Species STUDY TYPE:

tested: Mysidopsis bahia.

Sousa, J. V. 1991. (Folicur Technical) CITATION:

Chronic Toxicity to Mysid Shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) Under Flow-Through Conditions. Study

Number 274.0190.6195.530; Report Number

101231. Prepared by Springborn Laboratories,

Inc., Wareham, Mass. Submitted by Mobay Corporation, Kansas City, Missouri. MRID No.

420382-01.

Concepción Rodríquez REVIEWED BY:

Biologist

Canapaian hadinges Ecological Effects Branch

APPROVED BY: Harry Craven 6.

Supervisor

Havey Crown 5/18/92 Ecological Effects Branch

This study is scientifically sound and **CONCLUSIONS:**

fullfills the data requirements for a marine invertebrate life cycle study. Reproductive success was the most sensitive factor. MATC is between 35 - 61 μ g a.i./L. The NOEL is 35 μ g a.i./L and the LOEL is 61 μ g a.i./L.

The geometric mean MATC is 46.2 μ g a.i./L.

RECOMMENDATIONS: 8.

N\A

9. BACKGROUND:

10. DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TEST OR STUDY:

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

- A. Test Animals: Mysids shrimps used for this study were maintained in cultures at Springborn Laboratories, Inc. The original cultures were obtained from Aquatic Biosystems Inc. Fort Collins, Colorado. Mysids were cultured in natural sea water with a salinity range of 25-27 ppm, a pH range of 7.5-7.8, a dissolved oxygen concentration range of 81-96% of saturation and a temperature range of 24-26 °C. Mysids used for the test were ≤24 hours old. Mysids were feed brine shrimp nauplii, ad libitum, twice daily one feeding was enriched with Selco supplement and the other was not.
- B. Test System: The system consisted of a modified intermittent flow proportional diluter (Mount and Brungs, 1967), a temperature controlled water bath and 14 exposure aquaria (39 x 20 x 25 cm). The system provide five concentrations of test material, a dilution water control, and a solvent control (4.3 μ L of acetone per liter of solution). The diluter provided approximately 13 aquaria volume additions per aquarium per day.

The retention chambers (for non-paired mysids) were glass Petri dishes (10 cm diameter, 2 cm deep). A screen collar (363 μm mesh size) was attached to the Petri dish with silicone sealant. Pairing chamber (for sexually mature male and female) were cylindrical glass jars (5.1 cm diameter, 10 cm high) with two 1.9 cm holes covered with nylon screen.

A photoperiod of 16 hours light and 8 hours darkness was provided. Sudden transitions form light to dark and vise versa were avoided. Light intensity was of 12-110 footcandles.

- C. <u>Dosage</u>: Nominal test concentrations were 200, 100, 50, 25, and 12 μ g/L. A dilution solvent control and a dilution water control were used.
- Design: Organisms were impartially selected and distributed to 28 retention chambers. Each test aquarium contained two retention chambers. Mysid counting was done by lifting the retention chamber from the water and placing it on a black background. When sexual maturity was reached, male/female pairs were transferred to pairing chamber (one pair per chamber). Mysids were fed once daily with enriched brine shrimp and at least daily with non enriched brine shrimp.

The following parameters were recorded throughout the test: dead organisms, unusual behavior, number of dead males and females, number of offspring/female, dead parental mysids, and juveniles. Individual body weight was recorded at the end of the study.

Reproductive success was defined as number of offspring produced per female per reproductive day. Reproductive days are the number of days a female was alive.

Dissolved oxygen and pH was measured daily in each replicate of controls and each treatment level. Salinity and temperature were measured daily in each replicate of the dilution water control.

All test solutions were sampled and analyzed for Folicur before starting the test and on days 0, 7, 14, 21, 28. Samples were analyzed using high performance liquid chromatography.

- E. Statistics: Survival data was arsine transformed. The controls were compared using Student's t Test (95% level of certainty). Homogeneity of data was checked with Barlett's Test (99% level of certainty). William's Test was used for all statistical analyses to determine treatment level effects. The MATC was calculated as the geometric mean of LOEC and NOEC.
- 12. REPORTED RESULTS: A summary of the water quality measurements is presented in Table 1. The diluter system function properly throughout the exposure period. Undissolved test material was present in the diluter system and in the highest treatment level (200 μg a.i.\L). Mean measured concentrations were 150, 61, 35, 17, 8.7 μg a.i./L Folicur (see Table 2).

No significant difference exists between control and solvent control in terms of survival, reproduction and growth. Therefore control were pooled.

Mysids survival ranged from 77-89% in treatment levels and 83% in control and 79% in solvent control. No statistical difference exist between treatments and control ($p \le 0.05$) (see Table 3).

Reproductive success among mysids exposed to 150 and 61 μ g a.i./L were significantly different (p≤0.05) when compared to the controls (see Table 3).

Growth, as total dry body weight, was not significantly different from controls (see Table 4).

13. <u>STUDY AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS/QUALITY ASSURANCE MEASURES:</u>

The number of offspring produced per female per reproductive day was the most sensitive factor. The NOEL was 35 μ g a.i./L. The MATC was between 35-61 μ g a.i./L (Geometric mean MATC = 46 μ g a.i./L).

Quality Assurance and Good Laboratory Practice Statements were included in the report, indicating that the study was conducted in accordance with FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice Statements Standards set forth in 40 CFR Part 160.

14. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS:

- A. <u>Test Procedure</u>: The test procedures were generally in accordance with protocols recommended by the Standard Guide for Conducting Life-Cycle Toxicity Test with Saltwater Mysids, ASTM (1991).
- B. <u>Statistical Analysis</u>: Survival data was arsine transformed. Control and solvent control groups were pooled. Bonferroni's t test was used for all statistical analyses to determine treatment level effects. The MATC was calculated as the geometric mean of LOEC and NOEC.
- C. <u>Discussion And Results</u>: No significant difference was found between the control and the solvent in all parameters. The Bonferroni's t test showed no significant difference of treatment levels when compared to the control in the following parameters: survival, female weight, and make weight. For reproductive success, there was a significant reduction when compared to the controls at treatment levels 61 and 150 μg a.i./L. Reproductive success was the most sensitive factor. The MATC is 35 61 μg a.i./L. The NOEL is 35 μg a.i./L and the LOEL is 61 μg a.i./L. The geometric mean MATC is 46.2 μg a.i./L.
- D. <u>Adequacy of the Study</u>: This study satisfy the data requirements for marine invertebrate life cycle study.
 - (1) Classification: Core
 - (2) Rationale: N\A
 - (3) Repairability: N\A
- 15. COMPLETITION OF ONE-LINER FOR STUDY: Yes

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	DUNNETTS '	OUNNETTS TEST -				2 Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>			
GROUP	IDENTI	FICAT	rion	NUM REPS		Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL	
1	GRPS	1&2	POOLEI) 4					
2			8.7	7 2		0.545	65.3	0.340	
3			17	7 2		0.545	65.3	0.055	
4			3.5	5 2		0.545	65.3	0.295	
5			6:			0.545	65.3	0.615	
6			150			0.545	65.3	0.650	

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	5	0.921	0.184	3.286
Within (Error)	8	0.449	0.056	
Total	13	1.370		

Critical F value = 3.69 (0.05, 5, 8)

Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho: Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent </th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	0.835	0.835		
2	8.7	0.495	0.495	1.659	
3	17	0.780	0.780	0.268	
4	35	0.540	0.540	1.439	
5	61	0.220	0.220	3.001	*
6	150	0.185	0.185	3.172	*.

Bonferroni T table value = 2.90 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=8,5)

reproductive success

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BONFERRONI T-TEST

TABLE 2 OF 2

Ho: Control < Treatment

				سه شه هجه چه چه چه <u>سه</u> سه	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	4			×
2	8.7	2	0.594	71.1	0.340
3	17	2	0.594	71.1	0.055
4	- 35	2	0.594	71.1	0.295
5	61	2	0.594	71.1	0.615
6	150	2	0.594	71.1	0.650

reproductive success

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Ho: GRP1 MEAN = GRP2 MEAN t-test of Solvent and Blank Controls GRP1 (SOLVENT CRTL) MEAN = CALCULATED t VALUE = -2.67510.6250 GRP2 (BLANK CRTL) MEAN = 1.0450 DIFFERENCE IN MEANS = -0.4200 DEGREES OF FREEDOM =

TABLE t VALUE (0.05 (2), 2) = 4.303 TABLE t VALUE (0.01 (2), 2) = 9.925 NO significant difference at alpha=0.05 NO significant difference at alpha=0.01

TITLE: reproductive success
FILE: c:\conchi\reproduction
TRANSFORM: NO TRANSFORMATION

NUMBER OF GROUPS: 6

	TRANS VALUE	VALUE	REP	CATION	IDENTIF	GRP
	0.6000	0.6000	1.	POOLED	GRPS 1&2	1
	0.6500	0.6500	2	POOLED	GRPS 1&2	1
	0.8900	0.8900	3	POOLED	GRPS 1&2	1
	1.2000	1.2000	4	POOLED	•	1
	0.7600	0.7600	1	8.7		2
	0.2300	0.2300	2	8.7		2
	0.6700	0.6700	1	17		3
	0.8900	0.8900	2	17		3
* 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.7100	0.7100	1	35	*	4
	0.3700	0.3700	2	35		4
	0.2000	0.2000	1	61		5
	0.2400	0.2400	2	61		5
	0.1700	0.1700	1	150		6
	0.2000	0.2000	2	150		6

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

GRP	IDENTIF	ICATION	N	- MIN	MAX	MEAN	
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	4	0.600	1.200	0.835	
2		8.7	2	0.230	0.760	0.495	
3		17	2	0.670	0.890	0.780	
4		35	2	0.370	0.710	0.540	
5		61	2	0.200	0.240	0.220	
6		150	2	0.170	0.200	0.185	

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	VARIANCE	SD	SEM
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	0.075	0.274	0.137
2	8.7	0.140	0.375	0.265
3	17	0.024	0.156	0.110
4	35	0.058	0.240	0.170
5	61	0.001	0.028	0.020
6	150	0.000	0.021	0.015

(2)

reproductive success File: c:\conchi\reproduction

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	5	0.921	0.184	3.286
Within (Error)	8	0.449	0.056	
Total	13	1.370		

Critical F value = 3.69 (0.05,5,8) Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho:All groups equal

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

DUNNETTS TEST

***** WARNING *****

This data set has unequal replicates. The Bonferroni T-test should be used instead of the Dunnetts test.

reproductive success

File: c:\conchi\reproduction Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

	DUNNETTS TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho: Control <tr< th=""><th>eatment</th><th></th></tr<>	eatment	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLEI	0.835	0.835		
2	8.7		0.495	1.659	
3	17	0.780	0.780	0.268	•
4	35		0.540	1.439	
5	61	0.220	0.220	3.001	*
6	150	0.185	0.185	3.172	*

Dunnett table value = 2.66 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=8,5)

reproductive success

survival
File: c:\conchi\survival

Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	5	0.038	0.008	1.000
Within (Error)	8	0.067	0.008	·
Total	13	0.105		

Critical F value = 3.69 (0.05,5,8) Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

DUNNETTS TEST

***** WARNING *****

This data set has unequal replicates. The Bonferroni T-test should be used instead of the Dunnetts test.

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

D	UNNETTS TEST - TA	BLE 1 OF 2	Ho:Control <tr< th=""><th>eatment</th><th></th></tr<>	eatment	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	1.121	0.808		
2	8.7	1.225	0.885	-1.347	
3	17	1.080	0.770	0.526	
4	35	1.174	0.850	-0.680	
5	61	1.071	0.770	0.653	
6	150	1.178	0.850	-0.735	

Dunnett table value = 2.66 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=8,5)

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival

Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	DUNNETTS	TEST		TABLE 2 OF	2 Ho:	Control <t< th=""><th>reatment</th></t<>	reatment
GROUP	IDENTI	FICAT	гіои	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	GRPS	1&2	POOLEI) 4			
2			8.7	7 2	0.183	22.6	-0.077
3			17	7 2	0.183	22.6	0.038
4			35	5 2	0.183	22.6	-0.042
.5			6:	L 2	0.183	22.6	0.038
6			150) 2	0.183	22.6	-0.042

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	ss	MS	F
Between	5	0.038	0.008	1.000
Within (Error)	8	0.067	0.008	•
Total	13	0.105		

Critical F value = 3.69 (0.05,5,8) Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho:All groups equal

Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y)) File: c:\conchi\survival

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho: Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent</th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	т стат	SIG
1 2 3 4 5 6	GRPS 1&2 POOLED 8.7 17 35 61 150	1.121 1.225 1.080 1.174 1.071	0.808 0.885 0.770 0.850 0.770 0.850	-1.347 0.526 -0.680 0.653 -0.735	

Bonferroni T table value = 2.90 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=8,5)

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE	TABLE 2 OF 2		Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>		
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL		
1	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	4			-		
2	8.7	2	0.201	24.8	-0.077		
3	17	2	0.201	24.8	0.038		
4	35	2	0.201	24.8	-0.042		
5	61	2	0.201	24.8	0.038		
6	150	2	0.201	24.8	-0.042		

TITLE: survival
FILE: c:\conchi\survival
TRANSFORM: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

NUMBER OF GROUPS: 6

GRP	IDENTIF:	ICATION	REP	VALUE	TRANS VALUE	
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	1	0.7000	0.9912	
ī	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	2	0.8700	1.2019	
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	3	0.8300	1.1458	•
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	4	0.8300	1.1458	
2		8.7	1	0.9000	1.2490	4.
2		8.7	2	0.8700	1.2019	٠
3		17	1	0.8700	1.2019	
3		17	2	0.6700	0.9589	
4		35	1	0.8300	1.1458	
4		35	2	0.8700	1.2019	
- 5		61	1	0.7700	1.0706	
5		61	2	0.7700	1.0706	
6		150	1	0.9000	1.2490	
6		150	2	0.8000	1.1071	

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

GRP	IDENTIFI	CATION	N	MIN	MAX	MEAN
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	4	0.991	1.202	1.121
2		8.7	2	1.202	1,249	1.225
3		17	2	0.959	1.202	1.080
4	•	35	2	1.146	1.202	1.174
5		61	2	1.071	1.071	1.071
6		150	2	1.107	1.249	1.178

survival

File: c:\conchi\survival Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

	SEM	SD	VARIANCE	IDENTIFICATION	GRP
45	0.04	0.091	0.008	GRPS 1&2 POOLED	1
24	0.02	0.033	0.001	8.7	2
22	0.12	0.172	0.030	17	3
28	0.02	0.040	0.002	35	4
00	0.00	0.000	0.000	61	5
71	. 0.07	0.100	0.010	150	6

survival
File: c:\conchi\survival

Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

t-test of Solvent and B	lank Controls	Ho:GRP1 MEAN	= GRP2 MEAN
GRP1 (SOLVENT CRTL) MEAN = GRP2 (BLANK CRTL) MEAN = DIFFERENCE IN MEANS =		ALCULATED t VALUE = EGREES OF FREEDOM =	-0.4674 2
TABLE t VALUE (0.05 (2), 2) = TABLE t VALUE (0.01 (2), 2) =		ignificant difference ignificant difference	at alpha=0.05 at alpha=0.01

Female Weight
File: c:\conchi\femwgh

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	ss	MŚ	F
Between	5	0.089	0.018	0.720
Within (Error)	8	0.203	0.025	
Total	13	0.293		

Critical F value = 3.69 (0.05,5,8) Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho:All groups equal

TITLE: Female Weight
FILE: c:\conchi\femwgh
TRANSFORM: NO TRANSFORMATION

NUMBER OF GROUPS: 6

GRP	IDENTIF	CATION	REP	VALUE	TRANS VALUE
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	1.	0.7600	0.7600
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	2	1.0000	1.0000
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	3	1.0000	1.0000
1	GRPS 1&2	POOLED	4	1.3000	1.3000
2		8.7	1	1.1000	1.1000
2		8.7	2	1.0000	1.0000
3		17	1	0.9900	0.9900
3		17	2	1.2000	1.2000
4		35	1	1.1000	1.1000
4		35	2	1.1200	1.1200
5		61	1	0.7600	0.7600
5		61	2	0.9700	0.9700
6		150	1	1.0000	1.0000
6		150	2	0.8800	0.8800

Female Weight
File: c:\conchi\femwgh

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

t-test of Solvent and Blank Contr	cols Ho:GRP1 MEAN = GRP2 MEAN
GRP1 (SOLVENT CRTL) MEAN = 0.8800 GRP2 (BLANK CRTL) MEAN = 1.1500 DIFFERENCE IN MEANS = -0.2700	CALCULATED t VALUE = -1.4056 DEGREES OF FREEDOM = 2
	NO significant difference at alpha=0.05 NO significant difference at alpha=0.01

male weight
File: c:\conchi\malwgh

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	0.066	0.011	2.200
Within (Error)	7	0.036	0.005	
Total	13	0.102		

Critical F value = 3.87 (0.05,6,7) Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho: Control <treat< th=""><th colspan="2">ol<treatment< th=""></treatment<></th></treat<>	ol <treatment< th=""></treatment<>	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS - T STAT	SIG	
1	Solvent	0.685	0.685		
2	Control	0.840	0.840 -2.192		
3:	8.7	0.865	0.865 -2.546		
4	17	0.860	0.860 -2.475		
5	35	0.835	0.835 -2.121		
6	61	0.745	0.745 -0.849		
7	150	0.720	0.720 -0.495		

Bonferroni T table value = 3.13 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=7,6)

, and the second	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE	2 OF 2	Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	Solvent	2			
2	Control	2	0.221	- 32.3	-0.155
3	8.7	2	0.221	32.3	-0.180
4	17	2	0.221	32.3	-0.175
5	35	2	0.221	32.3	-0.150
6	61	2	0.221	32.3	-0.060
7	150	2	0.221	32.3	-0.035

TITLE: male weight
FILE: c:\conchi\malwgh
TRANSFORM: NO TRANSFORMATION

NUMBER OF GROUPS: 7

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	REP	VALUE	TRANS VALUE	*
1	Solvent	1	0.6100	0.6100	
1	Solvent	2	0.7600	0.7600	
2	Control	1	0.8400	0.8400	
2	Control	2	0.8400	0.8400	
3	8.7	1	0.9000	0.9000	
3	8.7	2	0.8300	0.8300	
4	17	1	0.8400	0.8400	
4	17	2	0.8800	0.8800	
5	. 35	1	0.8700	0.8700	
5	35	2	0.8000	0.8000	
6	61	1	0.6600	0.6600	
6	61	2	0.8300	0.8300	
7	150	1	0.7700	0.7700	
7	150	2	0.6700	0.6700	

male weight
File: c:\conchi\malwgh

Transform: NO TRANSFORMATION

t-test of Solvent and Bla	ank Controls	Ho:GRP1 MEAN	= GRP2 MEAN
ONE (DEED) ILLIE		t VALUE = F FREEDOM =	-2.0667 2
TABLE t VALUE (0.05 (2), 2) = 4		nt difference	at alpha=0.05

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

Folicur (BAY HWG 1608) 1. CHEMICAL:

Alpha-C2, (4-Chlorophenyl) ethyl-alpha-(1,1-TEST MATERIAL: 2. dimethyl)-1H-1,2,-triazole-1-ethanol) Bay H

WG-1608; Lot no. 079-0153. Purity 96.4%;

Analytical No. 49829; white powder

Marine fish early life stage STUDY TYPE: 3.

Scott Ward, G., 1991. Toxicity to Embryos CITATION:

and Larvae of the Sheepshead Minnow

(Cyprinodon variegatus) Under Flow-Through Test Conditions. Study performed by Toxikon

Environmental Sciences, Jupiter, Fla.

Laboratory study no. J9101002b. Submitted by Mobay Corporation, Agricultural Chemicals

Division, Kansas City, Missouri. MRID No.

420382-02.

Concepción Rodríquez REVIEWED BY:

Biologist

Consposion Robertus
6 14192

ch
Lerry T. Crawn
6/4/92 Ecological Effects Branch

Harry Craven 6. APPROVED BY:

Supervisor

Ecological Effects Branch

This study is scientifically sound and meet 7. CONCLUSIONS:

the guideline requirements for a fish early stage study. Weight was the most sensitive The MATC is between 21.9-47.5 μ g/L factor.

with a geometric mean of 32.2 μ g/L.

RECOMMENDATIONS: 8.

9. **BACKGROUND:**

DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TEST OR STUDY: 10.

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test Animals: Fish were adult sheepshead minnows (Cyprinodon variegatus). They were obtained from Aquatic BioSystems, Fort Collins, CO and TRAC Labs, Gulf Breeze, FL. Adult were maintained for a minimum of 11 days, prior to hormone injection at, Toxikon Environmental Sciences, Jupiter Fl. Food for adult fish was a commercial flake food form Zeigler Brothers, Gardners, PA or frozen brine shrimp (Artemia salina) from San Francisco Bay Brand, Inc., Newark, CA. No diseases were observed neither disease treatments were administered during the 2 week period before hormone injection.

The eggs were obtained by stripping adult females. Egg production was enhanced by injecting the human chorionic gonadotropin hormone during two consecutive days, four days before stripping. To fertilize eggs, a sperm suspension from macerated testes from mature males, was added.

Test System: The study was conducted under flow-B. through conditions. The diluter system was a modified proportional vaccum-siphon based on the original design of Mount and Brings (1967). The system was calibrated to provide a test concentration series with a 50 percent dilution and equal solvent concentration in all test concentrations. A stock solution of the test material was prepared in dimethilformamide (DMF) and pumped into the chemical mixing chamber. This solution was proportionally diluted in the diluter system to provide the lower test concentrations. The solvent control and all treatments has a concentration of 25 μ L/L of DMF. The dilution control did not contain solvent. Each treatment solution was split by a splitter box into two portions for duplicate test chambers delivery. The diluter provided approximately 8.4 volume additions every 24 hours.

Test chambers were approximately 24-L glass tanks with automatic glass siphons. Incubation chambers were 60 mm diameter glass tubes with 315 μm mesh screen attached with silicone sealant between two tube sections. Two incubation chambers were within each treatment replicate tank. Test solutions were split prior entering each replicate test chamber by Y tubes. Water flows directly into each embryo incubation chamber. Chambers were randomly positioned in water bath.

A photoperiod of 16 hours light, 8 hours dark was provided. To simulate dawn and dusk, a 15 minute transition period of lower intensity incandescent lighting was provided to simulate dawn and dusk. Light intensity ranged between 4:27 to 8:20 micro Einstein/second/meter square. After hatching, fish were transferred to screen retention chambers within the same test chamber.

- C. <u>Dosage</u>: Five nominal concentrations were used: 6.25, 12.5, 25.0, 50.0 and 100.0 μ g/L. A dilution water control and a solvent control were used.
- Design: Twenty embryos were impartially added to each chamber in groups of five. Survival of embryos was recorded daily until hatchling was complete. Fish survival was monitored daily until test termination (28 days posthatch). "Complete hatch was considered to be when 90% of all embryos within the solvent control hatched of the total number which finally hatched". Notes were made on abnormal behavior or physical appearance of fish.

Fish were fed throughout all test with live brine shrimp (Aquarium products, Glen Burne, MD). Feeding schedule was: once a day until day 14, twice a day from day 14 to 16 and three times daily on day 16 and after. Fish were not fed the day before termination. Fish were measured (standard length) and weighted at the end of test.

Temperature in the dilution water control was recorded hourly using a data logger. Temperature in the water bath was recorded continuously with a minimum/maximum thermometer. Salinity in dilution water control was measured daily using a refractometer. DO and pH were measured at the beginning of the test and weekly thereafter in all test solutions.

The concentration of chemical was measured one day before the initiation of the test and on days 0, 7, 14, 21, 28, and 36. Samples were taken from controls and each test solution. Analysis of concentrations were measured using high performance liquid chromatography.

E. <u>Statistics</u>: Embryo hatchability and juvenile survival of control and solvent control were compared using Fisher's Exact Test. Standard length and wet weight were evaluated with Student's t-test. Hatching and survival values were normalized using arcsine square

root transformation. ANOVA was used to detect statistical differences between solvent control and treatment group. A Dunnett's multiple comparison test was done. The probability level was 0.05. The most sensitive criteria was used to calculate the MATC.

12. REPORTED RESULTS: The mean measured concentrations during the 28-day posthatch exposure were 5.04, 9.20, 21.9, 47.5, 99.3 μ g/L (81, 74, 88, 95, and 99 percent from nominal). No undissolved test substance was observed in test chambers. Bacterial growth occurred in the solvent control and in all treatments.

Viability of embryos was verified 3 days after fertilization. Viability of control and solvent control embryos was 91 percent. Viability of treatment embryos ranged from 90 to 96 percent. Hatching in control was 4 days, it was delayed in the solvent control and was completed in 9 days. Hatching in the control was 85%, in the solvent control was 66% and ranged from 71% in 99.3 μ g/L to 85% in 21.9 μ g/L (Table 3). Hatching in the solvent control was significantly reduced from hatching in the control. Hatching in both controls and all test concentrations exceeds 50 percent.

Survival of juvenile fish ranged from 72% in 9.20 μ g/L to 93% in 47.5 μ g/L (Table 4). Survival in dilution water control was not different from solvent control (88% and 87% respectively). Survival in the treatments was not significantly different from pooled controls. Survival is defined as total number of fish divided by total number of embryos. Abnormalities included two-headed fry and backbone deformations.

Mean lengths of fish ranged from 12.7 mm in 99.3 μ g/L to 14.1 mm in 9.20 μ g/L (Table 5). Mean wet weights of fish ranged from 57.3 mg in 99.3 μ g/L to 85.0 mg in 5.04 μ g/l (Table 6). Growth, as measured by length and wet weight, was significantly reduced in the dilution water control when compared to the solvent control. Growth was also reduced at 99.3 μ g/L as compared to solvent control fish.

Water quality parameters are presented in Tables 7, 8 and 9. Dissolved oxygen concentrations were reduced and aeration was initiated on day 14 and continued throughout the study. A water quality characterization is presented in Appendix A.

13. STUDY AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS/QUALITY ASSURANCE MEASURES:

The MATC for sheepshead minnow juveniles exposed to BAY HWG-1606 was between 21.9 and 47.5 μ g/L based on a reduction in growth as wet weight at 47.4 μ g/L. Based on geometric mean of the MATC limits, a point estimate of the MATC is 32.2 μ g/L. The NOEC was 21.9 μ g/L.

The relationship between growth (length and wet weights) and the BAY HWG-1606 is not clearly established. "The bacterial growth which occurred in the solvent control significantly enhanced growth of fish relative to the dilution water control. Fish in all test concentrations were, on the average, also larger and heavier than fish in the dilution control. Although no conclusive evidence can be provided from these results, it is possible that the reduction in the growth of treatment fish was not a direct effect, but rather an artifact produced by the effect of BAY HGW-1608 on the bacterial population within each test chamber." If this relationship is true then the MATC will be > 99.3 μ g/L and the NOEC 99.3 μ g/L. An additional test with a low concentration of the solvent may clarify the effect of BAY HWG-1608 on growth of the sheepshead minnow."

Quality Assurance and Good Laboratory Practice Statements were included in the report, indicating that the study was conducted in accordance with FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice Statements Standards set forth in 40 CFR Part 160.

14. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS:

A. <u>Test Procedure</u>: The test procedures were generally in accordance with protocols recommended by the guidelines, but deviated from the SEP or ASTM (1987) as follows:

A diluter malfunction occurred on day 16 and affected two test solutions.

The diluter system was switched off for 20.5 hours as a result of human error.

Low dissolved oxygen concentrations required aeration starting on day 14.

Temperature range from 24.8 to 29.4°C. SEP recommends that temperature should not deviate by more than 2°C.

Time to swim-up was not reported.

The relative standard deviation (RSD) is 52% for the control group and 40% for the solvent control group.

SEP establishes that RSD must not be greater than 40% in any control.

B. <u>Statistical Analysis</u>: Hatching and survival values were arcsine square root transformed using TOXSTAT program prior to statistical analysis.

For growth parameters, length and weight, Duncan's multiple range and Dunnett's T-test were used.

C. <u>Discussion And Results</u>: Hatching of eggs in the control was completed by day 4 which is the average time to hatch for the sheepshead minnow. Hatching in solvent control was delayed. Hatching seems to be influenced by the presence of the solvent. The control and solvent control were not significantly different for hatching and survival. There was no significant difference between treatments for hatching and survival.

For growth parameters, length and weight, the control and solvent control were statistically different. Solvent control was compared with treatments assuming that the effect of bacteria (bacteria was present in the solvent control and in all treatments) and solvent was the same in all treatments. Reduction in length at 99.3 μ g/L was significantly different from solvent control. Reduction in weight at 47.5 and 99.3 μ g/L was significantly different from solvent control. Based on weight, which was the most sensitive factor, the MATC is between 21.9-47.5 μ g/L. The geometric mean in 32.2 μ g/L.

This study is scientifically sound and meet the guideline requirements for a fish early stage study.

- D. Adequacy of the Study:
 - (1) Classification: Core
 - (2) Rationale: N/A
 - (3) Repairability: No
- 15. COMPLETITION OF ONE-LINER FOR STUDY: Yes

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General Linear Models Procedure

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General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's T tests for variable: LENGTH

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05 Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 4.089425 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.522

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by "***".

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General Linear Models Procedure

 	TRT Comparison
-1.163 -1.205 -1.500 -2.510	Simultaneous Lower Confidence Limit
-0.081 -0.153 -0.396 -0.490 -1.441	Difference Between Means
1.001 0.899 0.627 0.521 -0.371 ***	Simultaneous Upper Confidence Limit

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General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's One-tailed T tests for variable: LENGTH

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05 Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 4.089425 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.239

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by '***'.

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General Linear Models Procedure

	TRT Comparison
-1.041 -1.087 -1.305 -1.387 -2.390	Simultaneous Lower Confidence Limit
-0.081 -0.153 -0.396 -0.490 -1.441	Difference Between Means
0.879 0.781 0.512 0.408 -0.491	Simultaneous Upper Confidence Limit
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General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's One-tailed T tests for variable: LENGTH

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05 Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 4.089425 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.239

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by *****.

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General Linear Models Procedure

TRT Comparison
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0.0004	4.69	5910.29676	29551.48379	5 1	TRT	y .	28 28	,	355 354		
Pr > F	F Value	Mean Square	Type I SS	DF	Source		22°		355 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255		
	9			Dependent Variable: WEIGHT	Dependent V		369 1		350 100 1		
		Procedure	General Linear Models Procedure	Genera	-		2 8		744 846	*	
1992 58	bruary 21,	10:02 Friday, February 21, 1992	SAS 10				383 386		746.5 746.5 746.5		
75.3412969	. 7	35.50582	47.12664	0.075509			:22:	7 <u>1</u> 7	343		
WEIGHT Mean	Æ	Root MSE	c.v.	R-Square	•	•	ò.	t -	341 763		٠
			391361.87031	otal 292	Corrected Tot		TH WEIGHT	TRT LENGTH	088 1	•	
		1260.66337	361810.38652	287	Error	February 21, 1992 54	10:02 Friday,	SAS			
0.0004	4.69	5910.29676	29551.48379	J	Model		•, •		340		
Pr > F	F Value	Square	Squares	DF	Source		, •		338		
		Mean	Sum of	Variable: WEIGHT	Dependent Va			h-h-l	336 336 336		
		Procedure	General Linear Models Procedure	Page 18	File:B:SOLRES		•	•	17 334	File:B:SOLRES Page	File

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General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's T tests for variable: WEIGHT

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05 Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 1260.663 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.522

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by '***'.

SAS 10:02 Friday, February 21, 1992

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General Linear Models Procedure

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	TRT Comparison
-16.984 -16.647 -25.355 -33.474 -44.571	Simultaneous Lower Confidence Limit
2.009 1.828 -7.390 -15.727 -25.797	Difference Between Means
21.002 20.303 10.576 2.020 -7.023 ***	Simultaneous Upper Confidence Limit

SAS 10:02 Friday, February 21, 1992 63

General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's One-tailed T tests for variable: WEIGHT

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05 Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 1260.663 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.239

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by '***'.

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General Linear Models Procedure

	TRT Comparison
-14.853 -14.574 -23.339 -31.482 -42.464	Simultaneous Lower Confidence Limit
2.009 1.828 -7.390 -15.727 -25.797	Difference Between Means
18.871 18.230 8.560 0.029 -9.130 ***	Simultaneous Upper Confidence Limit

File:B:SOLRES Page 20

10:02 Friday, February 21, 1992 65

General Linear Models Procedure

Dunnett's One-tailed I tests for variable: WEIGHT

NOTE: This tests controls the type I experimentwise error for comparisons of all treatments against a control.

Alpha= 0.05. Confidence= 0.95 df= 287 MSE= 1260.663 Critical Value of Dunnett's T= 2.239

Comparisons significant at the 0.05 level are indicated by *****.

SAS

General Linear Models Procedure 10:02 Friday, February 21, 1992 66

TRT Comparison	Simultaneous Lower Confidence Limit		Simultaneous Upper Confidence Limit 18.871
Comparison	-	ear	Limit
. i	-14.853 -14.574	2.009 1.828	18.871 18.230
9) D)	-23.339 -31.482	-7.390 -15.727	0.029
ינם ט	-42.464	-25.797	-9.130

40 Q C C

					
1	CONTROL	2			e ryt
2	SOLVENT	2	0.196	23.1	0.190
3	5.04	2	0.196	23.1	0.075
4	9.2	. 2	0.196	23.1	0.100
5	21.9	2	0.196	23.1	0.000
6	47.5	2	0.196	23.1	0.090
7	99.3	2	- 0.196	23.1	0.140

TITLE: HATCHING

FILE: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch

TRANSFORM: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y)) NUMBER OF GROUPS: 7

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	REP	VALUE	TRANS VALUE	
1	CONTROL	1	0.9000	1.2490	
1	CONTROL	2	0.8000	1.1071	
2	SOLVENT	1	0.7000	0.9912	
2	SOLVENT	2	0.6200	0.9066	
3	5.04	1	0.8500	1.1731	
3	5.04	2	0.7000	0.9912 ·	
4	9.2	1	0.7800	1.0826	
4	9.2	2	0.7200	1.0132	
5	21.9	1	0.8000	1.1071	
5	21.9	2	0.9000	1.2490	
6	47.5	1	0.8000	1.1071	
6	47.5	2	0.7200	1.0132	
7	99.3	1	0.7200	1.0132	
7	99.3	2	0.7000	0.9912	

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	N	MIN	MAX	MEAN
1	CONTROL	2	1.107	1.249	1.178
2	SOLVENT	2	0.907	0.991	0.949
3	5.04	2	0.991	1.173	1.082
4	9.2	2	1.013	1.083	1.048
5	21.9	2	1.107	1.249	1.178
6	47.5	2	1.013	1.107	1.060
7	99.3	2	0.991	1.013	1.002

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 2 of 2

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	VARIANCE	SD	SEM	•
1	CONTROL	0.010	0.100	0.071	
2	SOLVENT	0.004	0.060	0.042	
3	5.04	0.017	0.129	0.091	
4	9.2	0.002	0.049	0.035	
5	21.9	0.010	0.100	0.071	
6	47.5	0.004	0.066	0.047	
7	99.3	0.000	0.016	0.011	

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

			Section 1	
SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	0.087	0.014	2.000
Within (Error)	7	0.047	0.007	•
Total	13	0.134	and the time of the time and are the time time time time time.	

Critical F value = 3.87 (0.05,6,7)

Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	DUNNETTS TEST - TAI	3LE 1 OF 2	Ho:Control <tr< th=""><th>eatment</th><th></th></tr<>	eatment	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	CONTROL	1.178	0.850		
2	SOLVENT	0.949	0.660	2.740	
3	5.04	1.082	0.775	1.147	
4	9.2	1.048	0.750	1.556	
5	21.9	1.178	0.850	0.000	
6	47.5	1.060	0.760	1.409	
7	99.3	1.002	0.710	2.103	

Dunnett table value = 2.82 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=7,6)

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

DUNNETTS	TEST	_	TABLE	2	OF	2

Ho: Control < Treatment

GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1	CONTROL	2			
2	SOLVENT	2	0.199	23.5	0.190
3	5.04	2	0.199	23.5	0.075
4	9.2	2	0.199	23.5	0.100
5	21.9	2	0.199	23.5	0.000
6	47.5	2	0.199	23.5	0.090
7	99.3	2	0.199	23.5	0.140

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

·		•		
SOURCE	DF	ss	MS	F
Between	6	0.087	0.014	2.000
Within (Error)	7	0.047	0.007	<u>.</u>
Total	13	0.134	no ann ann aine ann amh ann amh ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann	. Out , and

Critical F value = 3.87 (0.05, 6, 7)

Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE 1 OF 2	Ho: Contro	1 <treatm< th=""><th>ent</th></treatm<>	ent
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	SIG
1	CONTROL	1.178	0.850		
.2	SOLVENT	0.949	0.660	2.740	
3	5.04	1.082	0.775	1.147	
4	9.2	1.048	0.750	1.556	
5	21.9	1.178	0.850	0.000	
6	47.5	1.060	0.760	1.409	•
7	99.3	1.002	0.710	2.103	

Bonferroni T table value = 3.13 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=7,6)

HATCHING

File: c:\conchi\folicur\hatch Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

BONFERRONI T-TEST - TABLE 2 OF 2 Ho:Control<Treatment

2 2 47.5 0.569 65.8 0.340 99.3 0.569 65.8 0.070

TITLE: MORTALITY

c:\conchi\folicur\mort TRANSFORM: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

NUMBER OF GROUPS: 7

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	REP	VALUE	TRANS VALUE
, 1	SOLVENT	1	0.8900	1.2327
1	SOLVENT	2	0.8400	1.1593
2	CONTROL	1	0.8600	1.1873
2	CONTROL	2	0.9100	1.2661
3	5.04	1	0.7600	1.0588
3	5.04	2	0.0780	0.2830
4	9.20	1	0.7400	1.0357
4	9.20	2	0.6900	0.9803
5	21.9	1	0.8800	1.2171
5	21.9	2	0.7200	1.0132
6	47.5	1.	0.0910	0.3064
6	47.5	2	0.9600	1.3694
7	99.3	1	0.6600	0.9483
7	99.3	2	0.9300	1.3030

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort

Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA TABLE 1 of 2

GRP	IDENTIFICATION	N	MIN	MAX	MEAN
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	SOLVENT CONTROL 5.04 9.20 21.9 47.5 99.3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.159 1.187 0.283 0.980 1.013 0.306 0.948	1.233 1.266 1.059 1.036 1.217 1.369 1.303	1.196 1.227 0.671 1.008 1.115 0.838 1.126

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

SUMMARY STATISTICS ON TRANSFORMED DATA

IDENTIFICATION VARIANCE SD SEM

1	SOLVENT	0.003	0.052	0.037	with the second second
2 /	CONTROL	0.003	0.056	0.039	•
3	5.04	0.301	0.549	0.388	
4	9.20	0.002	0.039	0.028	
5	21.9	0.021	0.144	0.102	
6	47.5	0.565	0.752	0.532	
7	99.3	0.063	0.251	0.177	

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	0.498	0.083	0.606
Within (Error)	7	0.957	0.137	
Total	13	1.455		

Critical F value = 3.87 (0.05,6,7)
Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho:All groups equal

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	DUNNETTS TEST - TA	Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>			
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	sig
1	SOLVENT	1.196	0.865		
2	CONTROL	1.227	0.885	-0.083	
3	5.04	0.671	0.419	1.419	
4	9.20	1.008	0.715	0.508	
5	21.9	1.115	0.800	0.219	
6	47.5	0.838	0.525	0.967	
7	99.3	1.126	0.795	0.190	

Dunnett table value = 2.82 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=7,6)

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	DUNNETTS TEST -		OF 2 Ho:Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>			
			Minimum Sig Diff		DIFFERENCE	
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	REPS	(IN ORIG. UNITS)	CONTROL	FROM CONTROL	
1	SOLVENT	2	•			

•	+ A					
.2	i.	CONTROL	2	0.843	97.5	-0.020
.3	•	5.04	2	0.843	97.5	0.446
4		9.20	2	0.843	97.5	0.150
5	*	21.9	2	0.843	97.5	0.065
6		47.5	2	0.843	97.5	0.340
7		99.3	2	0.843	97.5	0.070

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
Between	6	0.498	0.083	0.606
Within (Error)	7	0.957	0.137	
Total	13	1.455		**************************************

Critical F value = 3.87 (0.05,6,7)

Since F < Critical F FAIL TO REJECT Ho: All groups equal

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	ONIERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE I OF 2 HO:		Control <treatment< th=""></treatment<>		
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	TRANSFORMED MEAN	MEAN CALCULATED IN ORIGINAL UNITS	T STAT	sig	
1	SOLVENT	1.196	0.865			
2	CONTROL	1.227	0.885	-0.083		
3	5.04	0.671	0.419	1.419		
4	9.20	1.008	0.715	0.508		
5	21.9	1.115	0.800	0.219		
6	47.5	0.838	0.525	0.967		
7	99.3	1.126	0.795	0.190		

Bonferroni T table value = 3.13 (1 Tailed Value, P=0.05, df=7,6)

MORTALITY

File: c:\conchi\folicur\mort Transform: ARC SINE(SQUARE ROOT(Y))

	BONFERRONI T-TEST -	TABLE	2 OF 2	Ho: Contr	ol <treatment< th=""></treatment<>
GROUP	IDENTIFICATION	NUM OF REPS	Minimum Sig Diff (IN ORIG. UNITS)	% of CONTROL	DIFFERENCE FROM CONTROL
1 2	SOLVENT CONTROL	2 2	0.865	99.9	-0.020